§ 121.5

- (1) The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.);
- (2) Section 351 of Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262);
- (3) The Virus-Serum-Toxin Act (21 $U.S.C.\ 151-159$); or
- (4) The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 131 *et seq.*).
- (d) An individual or entity possessing, using, or transferring investigational products that are, bear, or contain overlap agents or toxins may be exempt from the requirements of this part if such product is being used in an investigation authorized by any Federal law and the Administrator determines that additional regulation under this part is not necessary to protect animal or plant health, and animal or plant products.
- (1) An individual or entity possessing, using, or transferring such investigational products may apply for an exemption from the requirements of this part by submitting APHIS Form 2042 to APHIS or CDC.
- (2) For investigational products authorized under any of the Federal laws specified in paragraph (c) of this section, the Administrator shall make a determination regarding an exemption within 14 days after receipt of the application and notification that the investigation has been authorized under a Federal law.
- (e) The Administrator may exempt an individual or entity from the requirements of this part, in whole or in part, for 30 days if it is necessary to respond to a domestic or foreign agricultural emergency involving an overlap agent or toxin. The Administrator may extend the exemption once for an additional 30 days.
- (f) Upon request of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Administrator may exempt an individual or entity from the requirements of this part, in whole or in part, for 30 days if the Secretary of Health and Human Services has granted an exemption for a public health emergency involving an overlap agent or toxin. The Administrator may extend the exemption once for an additional 30 days.

§ 121.5 Exemptions for animal agents and toxins.

- (a) Diagnostic laboratories and other entities possessing, using, or transferring agents or toxins that are contained in specimens presented for diagnosis or verification will be exempt from the requirements of this part, provided that:
- (1) The identification of such agents or toxins is immediately reported to the Administrator and to other appropriate authorities when required by Federal, State, or local law; and
- (2) Within 7 days after identification, the agents or toxins are transferred or inactivated, and APHIS Form 2040 is submitted to the Administrator.⁵ During agricultural emergencies or outbreaks, or in endemic areas, the Administrator may require less frequent reporting. A copy of the completed form must be maintained for 3 years.
- (b) Diagnostic laboratories and other entities possessing, using, or transferring agents or toxins that are contained in specimens presented for proficiency testing will be exempt from the requirements of this part, provided that:
- (1) The identification of such agents or toxins, and their derivatives, is immediately reported to the Administrator, and to other appropriate authorities when required by Federal, State, or local law; and
- (2) Within 90 days of receipt, the agent or toxins are transferred or inactivated, and APHIS Form 2040 is submitted to the Administrator. A copy of the completed form must be maintained for 3 years.
- (c) An individual or entity receiving diagnostic reagents and vaccines that are, bear, or contain listed agents or toxins, also known as high consequence livestock pathogens or toxins, that are produced at USDA diagnostic facilities

⁵A diagnostic laboratory or other entity must immediately notify APHIS by faxing (301) 734-3652. APHIS Form 2040 may be obtained by calling (301) 734-3277. The form is also available on the Internet at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie.bta.html. The completed form may be mailed to National Center for Import and Export, VS, APHIS, 4700 River Road Unit 40, Riverdale, MD 20737-1231; or faxed to (301) 734-3652.

will be exempt from the requirements of this part.

- (d) Unless the Administrator by order determines that additional regulation is necessary to protect animal health or animal products, an individual or entity possessing, using, or transferring products that are, bear, or contain listed agents or toxins will be exempt from the requirements of this part if the products have been cleared, approved, licensed, or registered pursuant
- (1) The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.);
- (2) Section 351 of Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262);
- (3) The Virus-Serum-Toxin Act (21
- U.S.C. 151–159); or (4) The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 131 et seq.).
- (e) An individual or entity possessing, using, or transferring experimental products that are, bear, or contain listed agents or toxins may be exempt from the requirements of this part if such product is being used in an investigation authorized by any Federal law and the Administrator determines that additional regulation under this part is not necessary to protect animal or plant health, and animal or plant products. An individual or entity possessing, using, or transferring such experimental products may apply for an exemption from the requirements of this part by submitting APHIS Form 2042 to APHIS.
- (f) In addition to the exemptions provided in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section, the Administrator may grant a specific exemption upon a showing of good cause and upon his or her determination that such exemption is consistent with protecting animal health and animal products. An individual or entity that possesses, uses, or transfers agents or toxins may request in writing an exemption from the requirements of this part. If granted, such exemptions are valid for a maximum of 3 years; thereafter, an individual or entity must request a new exemption. If a request for exemption is denied, an individual or entity may request reconsideration in writing to the Administrator. The request for reconsideration must state all of the facts

and reasons upon which the individual or entity relies to show that the exemption was wrongfully denied. The Administrator will grant or deny the request for reconsideration as promptly as circumstances allow and will state, in writing, the reasons for the decision. If there is a conflict as to any material fact, the individual or entity may request a hearing to resolve the conflict.6

§121.6 Registration; who must register.

- (a) Unless exempted under §§ 121.4 or 121.5, any individual or entity that possesses, uses, or transfers any agent or toxin listed in §121.3 must register with APHIS or, for overlap agents or toxins, APHIS or CDC.
- (b) Each entity must designate an individual to be its responsible official. The responsible official must have the authority and control to ensure compliance with the regulations. The responsible official must complete and sign the registration application package, and will be the individual contacted by APHIS or CDC if any questions arise concerning the application or subsequent compliance with the regulations in this part. As part of registration, the responsible official and the entity will be subject to a security risk assessment by the Attorney General. While most registrants are likely to be entities, in the event that an individual applies for and is granted a certificate of registration, APHIS will consider the individual to be the responsible official.
- (c) An entity may designate one or more individuals to be an alternate responsible official, who may act for the responsible official when he/she is unavailable. These individuals must have the authority and control to ensure compliance with the regulations when acting as the responsible official. These individuals will also be subject to a security risk assessment by the Attorney General as part of registration.

⁶A request for exemption may be mailed to National Center for Import and Export, VS, APHIS. 4700 River Road Unit 40, Riverdale, MD 20737-1231; or faxed to (301) 734-3652.